



**CRPA’S “CARRY ON” INITIATIVE PRESENTS:
YOUR GUIDE TO GETTING A CCW IN ORANGE COUNTY**

In 2014, a 3-judge panel for the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeal issued a [landmark ruling](#) that held California’s restrictive “good cause” requirement for the issuance of a CCW violates the Second Amendment. That case, [Peruta v. County of San Diego](#), was later reheard by an 11-judge panel who [overturned](#) the 3-judge panel decision, and irrationally concluded that the Second Amendment does not protect a right to carry a concealed firearm in public. And on June 26, 2017, the United States Supreme Court declined to rehear the case, but not without [strong dissenting opinions](#) from Justice Thomas and newly appointed Justice Gorsuch.

Nonetheless, the compelling logic and reasoning of the 3-judge *Peruta* opinion has caused many jurisdictions, including Orange County, to rethink their policies and liberalize their standards so many more people can get a CCW.

THE O.C. GOES SHALL ISSUE, THEN BACKS OFF

Following the original 3-judge panel opinion in *Peruta*, the Orange County Sheriff’s Department (“OCSD”) began accepting “self-defense or personal safety” for the required “good cause” statement on CCW applications. But shortly after the 3-judge opinion was ordered to be reheard, OCSD reversed course and no longer accepted CCW applications with “self-defense or personal safety” listed as the sole reason for “good cause.” But the change in OCSD policy didn’t make it impossible to obtain a CCW in Orange County. In fact, OCSD continued to issue CCWs under their new policy.

While the change left many wondering if their CCWs would be revoked, thanks to [NRA and CRPA efforts](#), Sheriff Hutchens [clarified](#) that any individual issued a CCW who applied using “self-defense or personal safety” needn’t worry, and that all pending applications with approved “good cause” statements “would not be required to provide additional good cause.”

Today, the number of active CCWs in Orange County has exploded to over [9,300](#), with many applications still being processed.

GOOD GUYS WITH A GUN SAVE LIVES

We are unaware of a single instance in which a OCSD CCW holder illegally used their firearm. In fact, it is just the opposite. For example, in October 2015, Steven Pappas (an OCSD CCW holder) heroically [intervened to defend a young boy being beaten by two adult men armed with a baseball bat](#). Fearing for the boy's safety, Steven drew his CCW firearm and commanded the men to stop. After seeing Steven was armed, the men quickly ceased their attack and fled. For his actions, Mr. Pappas was honored by the City of Bellflower with the [BRAVO Award for Valor](#).



Steven Pappas training at an OCSD approved CCW Course

With stories like these, and the fact that not a single OCSD CCW holder has illegally used their firearm, it should be no surprise that Sheriff Hutchens is generally issuing CCWs to all those who apply. Although the somewhat more restrictive “good cause” policy is still in place, if an applicant can articulate a “good cause” reason slightly more than simple “self-defense or personal safety,” they should have no problem getting a CCW from OCSD.

NRA and CRPA encourages everyone who adequately prepared to defend themselves in public to obtain a CCW, and will continue to advocate for a “shall-issue” system that issues CCWs regardless of the applicant's reason for seeking one.

THE APPLICATION PROCESS

To help individuals understand the application process, we have prepared the following step-by-step guide. We encourage all of our members who reside or work in Orange County and who are comfortable carrying a firearm in public to apply.

Step 1: The Initial Application

Regardless of what county you may live in, all individuals applying for a CCW in California must complete a “Standard Initial and Renewal Application” form from the California Department of Justice (“DOJ”), Bureau of Firearms. OCSO makes this form available [through their website](#), and can also be found attached to this guide.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
BOF 4012 (Rev. 11/2012)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
PAGE 1 of 13



CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON



Authority

California Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 provide that a sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or city and county may issue a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person (CCW license). Penal Code section 26175 requires the Attorney General to prescribe a statewide standard application form for a CCW license.

Who May be Issued a License

The licensing authority specified in Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 (a sheriff or the chief or other head of a municipal police department) may issue a license to persons who are of good moral character, who have completed a course of training, and where good cause exists for issuance of the CCW license. All applicants for a CCW license will be fingerprinted.

DOJ's Uniform CCW Application

Filling out the application itself is fairly straightforward, and should take no more than 15-20 minutes. But it is important to remember to be completely truthful in your responses. This includes listing any and all traffic citations and arrests, regardless of whether or not charges were dropped or ever filed. Most all traffic citations and police contacts will not disqualify an applicant from obtaining a CCW, but hiding or concealing such facts can and will.

If you are having difficulty remembering the details of any traffic citations, you can request a copy of your driving record by paying a \$2.00 fee to the California Department of Motor Vehicles [online](#).

Articulating Your “Good Cause”

On page 10 of the application, space is provided for applicants to give the “[d]etails of [r]eason” for applying for a CCW. This is the section where applicants must describe their “good cause” for the issuance of a license. OCSO has stated in its [posted policy](#) that criteria establishing “good cause” include, but are not limited to:

- Specific evidence that there has or is likely to be an attempt on the part of a second party to do great bodily harm to the applicant;
- The nature of the applicant’s business is such that they are exposed to a high degree of risk and/or criminal attack more so than the general population;
- Transporting large sums of money or other valuables where alternative protective measures or security cannot be employed;
- Documented threats to the personal safety of the applicant, their family, or employees; or,
- Threats by virtue of profession, business, or status.

If the CCW license is desired for self-protection, the protection of others, or for the protection of large sums of money or valuable property, you are required to explain and provide good cause for issuance of the license. For example, has your life or property been threatened or jeopardized? Explain incidents and include dates, times, locations, and names of police agencies to which these incidents were reported.

Details of Reason for Applicant Desiring a CCW license. Use additional pages if necessary.

“Good Cause” Section on Page 10 of the Uniform CCW Application

The above are merely examples and “are not intended to be all-inclusive.” Ultimately, applicants should articulate a reason that establishes a need or purpose beyond that of the general public. If an applicant is able to do so, OCS D will almost certainly accept that reason as satisfying the “good cause” requirement. In fact, only about 4% of applicants are denied, most of which are because the applicant decides not to complete the process or is disqualified for some reason other than insufficient “good cause.”

Recent threats of terrorist attacks and other acts of violence against members of the general public will most likely not satisfy the requirement. But statements such as “I often travel to remote areas of California where law enforcement resources would be unable to adequately respond in a timely manner in case of an emergency,” coupled with a professional business license or other facts, have been reported to have been accepted.

Should you have any questions about your “good cause” statement, you can email the California Rifle & Pistol Association at contact@crpa.org.

The only portions of the application that should remain blank at this stage are the signature sections on page 8 and 11, as OCS D has stated that these signatures must be witnessed by an investigator.

Step 2: Submitting the Application

After you have completed the initial application, you should assemble any required additional documentation, including the application form, and schedule an initial appointment. At a minimum, all applicants will need a completed application, provide a color copy of their driver's license or identification card, and provide sufficient documentation of residency in Orange County.

Copies of any additional documents, such as professional licenses or documents supporting an applicant's good cause statement, should also be included. To assist applicants with assembling the required documentation, OCSD has posted a [CCW Document Checklist](#) for new applicants on their website. A copy of this checklist is also attached to this guide.

Once you have assembled all of the required documents, we recommend that you scan and save them as a PDF to your computer. This way, you can then email the entire package at once to OCSD. Completed applications should be emailed to ccwpermits@ocsd.org. You can also call the OCSD CCW Unit at (714) 834-7229 to schedule an appointment over the phone, or use OCSD's [online appointment request form](#).

Due to the large number of individuals applying for a CCW, as of September 2017 there is approximately a 4 to 5 month wait for an initial interview with an investigator. But as OCSD continues to work through the backlog, it is likely that your initial interview may be moved to an earlier date. As a result, be sure to provide OCSD with accurate contact information to receive updates about your appointment.

Step 3: The Initial Interview

The initial interview is conducted at the OCSD CCW Unit, located at [320 N. Flower Street, Santa Ana, CA 92703](#). The CCW Unit itself is on the 4th floor of the OCSD Crime Lab building, which is the northwest building at the corner of N. Flower Street and W. Santa Ana Blvd. Parking is generally available along W. 3rd Street and N. Olive Street on the south side of the buildings.



320 N. Flower Street Building (right)

Applicants should bring the original copy of their application, any supporting documents, and a check or money order of \$20 for the initial application processing fee. Do **NOT** bring any firearms, ammunition, other weapons, bags, briefcases, purses, or guests with you.

Try to arrive at least 15 minutes before your interview is scheduled to take place. Once you arrive and enter the building, you will be greeted by a Sheriff's Deputy who will ask you to sign in. The Deputy will provide you with a visitor badge and instruct you to proceed to the elevator and go to the 4th floor.

Upon exiting the elevator, you should see a large desk in the main lobby of the CCW unit (there will also likely be a number of other CCW applicants waiting in the lobby). Let the staff know you are there for your appointment. At some point prior to your interview, the staff will take your picture which will be used for your CCW license (so dress to impress!), and will process your initial application fee. The staff will then call your name when it is time to bring you back for your interview.

The interview itself is usually conducted by a Sheriff's Deputy. During the interview, the Deputy will go over your application and discuss your "good cause" statement with you, so be prepared to answer any questions regarding your good cause statement if necessary. Applicants

should also understand that the Deputy does not ultimately approve or deny the application, but if they believe the provided “good cause” statement is insufficient, they will inform the applicant and may ask for additional information.

Step 4: Psych Review

After the interview, some applicants may be required to pass a psychological examination. Although it is unlikely you will be required to complete this step, applicants that have a criminal history, a propensity toward violence, or a history of poor decisions may be required to undergo this examination. But if an applicant was treated for mental illness as a teenager, OCSD will automatically refer the applicant.

If you are required to undergo a psychological evaluation, the fee for the exam (which is set by statute) is \$150, and you will be provided information on how to complete this step by OCSD’s staff.

Step 5: Residency Confirmation

At some point after the interview, OCSD will conduct a “residency” check by sending a Sheriff’s Deputy to your residence. The purpose of the Deputy’s visit is to ensure the residence address provided on the application is actually the applicant’s residence. From what we understand, the Deputy will also ask your neighbors if you in fact reside at your stated address, but will not discuss the nature of their visit (i.e., that the applicant is seeking a CCW), other than to simply say the check is for the purposes of conducting a background check.

Step 6: Live Scan Fingerprinting

Once you have received an initial approval of your good cause statement, you will be directed to proceed with Live Scan fingerprinting and mandatory training. We recommend that you complete the Live Scan first, as this requirement is currently causing most significant delays the application process.

Usually, the email you receive indicating that your good cause statement has been approved will also include a partially completed “Request for Live Scan Service” form. If for some reason you are not provided with this form, it is also available on the OCSD website [here](#), and is also attached to this guide.



REQUEST FOR LIVE SCAN SERVICE

Applicant Submission

CA0300000		STANDARD CCW	
ORI (Code assigned by DOJ)		Authorized Applicant Type	
CCW / STANDARD 2 YEAR / INITIAL –			
Type of License/Certificate/Permit OR Working Title (Maximum 30 characters – If assigned by DOJ, use exact title assigned)			
Contributing Agency Information			
ORANGE COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT		04490	
Agency Authorized to Reserve Criminal Record Information		Mail Code (five-digit code assigned by DOJ)	
P.O. Box 449		CCW Unit	
Street Address or P.O. Box		Contact Name (mandatory for all school submissions)	
Santa Ana	CA	92702	(714) 834-7229
City	State	ZIP Code	Contact Phone Number

Applicant Information:

“Request for Live Scan” Form

The Live Scan process itself is generally straightforward. When performing a Live Scan, a Live Scan “operator” or “provider” will check the applicant’s identification, input the applicant’s personal descriptor information, capture the applicant’s fingerprints electronically, and then transmit the data to DOJ. Once the data is received by DOJ, the fingerprint images are used to automatically search against all other fingerprint images in DOJ’s database for the purposes of conducting a background check.

In the case of CCW applicants, the fingerprint images are also forwarded to the FBI to perform a fingerprint-based search of records in the national criminal history database. To complete the Live Scan fingerprint requirement, you can use OCSD’s own Live Scan operator by calling (714) 834-6460. Alternatively, you can use any of the DOJ Certified Live Scan providers. A complete list of all providers located in Orange County can be viewed online [here](#).

Live Scan Fees

The Live Scan operator will charge a “rolling fee” for administering the Live Scan itself. Currently, OCSD and the Costa Mesa Police Department are the cheapest at \$10, but they do not accept credit cards. Other providers charge anywhere up to \$35. In any case, the amount charged by each provider is listed on DOJ’s website.

In addition to the Live Scan operator fee, be prepared to pay for the cost of the Live Scan itself when submitting your fingerprints. According to DOJ’s [website](#), every CCW applicant undergoing Live Scan is required to pay a \$32 State Fee, a \$17 Federal Fee, and a \$38 Firearms Eligibility fee—for a total of \$87.

However, OCSD’s posted [Fee Schedule](#) indicates that the actual cost for this process is \$93. The discrepancy is likely a result of inaccurate and out of date information posted on DOJ’s website. As a result, expect to pay a total of \$93 for the Live Scan fingerprint report.

Step 7: Mandatory Firearm Training

After you have completed the Live Scan, the next step is to participate in a OCSD certified 16-hour firearms course that has been specifically tailored for CCW applicants. The course must be one offered by an OCSD authorized training provider.

For a complete up-to-date list of approved courses, visit the OCSD CCW website at <http://www.ocsd.org/about/info/services/ccw> and click on “Training Providers” from the options on the left hand side. A copy of this list is also attached to this guide. But be aware that this list can change frequently, so we strongly encourage you to check OCSD’s website for the most up-to-date version.

Not all instructors are created equal, and classroom experiences can vary. Whatever course you decide to take, we highly recommend you receive adequate training as determined by your prior experience with firearms. And beware training “mills” that rush the process. You could be setting yourself up for civil and/or criminal liability should you not have adequate training and use your firearm in self-defense.

Quality instructors offer a variety of self-defense classes that provide safe, fun, and effective training in the use of firearms. A good CCW class is an action course that provides students with the opportunity to participate in shooting drills that ranges don’t normally allow. And perhaps most importantly, a good CCW class will provide students with a comprehensive overview of the legal requirements for using a firearm in self-defense, as well as the legal ramifications for using a firearm in self-defense or in defense of others.

Some instructors are also NRA Master Training Counselors who have trained thousands highly experienced shooters and members of the law enforcement community aspiring to become NRA certified firearm instructors. But remember, for a particular trainer to qualify you for a CCW, the course you take must be one that is listed on OCSD’s list of approved training courses.

We suggest CCW applicants choose a course that is similar to the [NRA Personal Protection Outside the Home](#) course. Several OCSD approved CCW courses are based on this course, which has generally been vetted by legal and law enforcement professionals across the nation and offers a comprehensive and in-depth experience.

The NRA Personal Protection Outside the Home course is a 2-day course is designed to teach students the knowledge, skills, and attitude necessary for avoiding dangerous confrontations and for the safe, effective, and responsible use of a concealed pistol for self-defense outside the home. NRA-certified instructors teaching this course are required by the NRA to provide students with a presentation regarding California’s requirements for the justified use of a firearm in self-defense from a licensed attorney or law enforcement officer.



NRA Master Training Counselor TJ Johnston (left) working with a student (center) during an AllSafe Basic Pistol class using a SIRT laser training pistol

Before taking an advanced level course such as the NRA Personal Protection Outside the Home course, it is important that you have a solid understanding of your firearm, and that you can load, unload, and clear any stoppages without conscious thought. To help students better prepare for an OCSD-approved CCW training course, some instructors are offering a “pre-CCW” course to ensure students have mastered these fundamentals beforehand.

What’s more, it is absolutely critical that CCW holders learn as much as they can about the law and the requirements for using a firearm in self-defense. CCW holders are held to a much higher standard should they have to justify their actions in court. As a result, the ultimate goal for any CCW holder is to understand how to legally and morally respond to a dangerous situation in such a manner that leaves no room for law enforcement (or the media) to question their actions to begin with.



NRA Training Counselor TJ Johnston (left), NRA certified instructor Patrick Lovette (right), working with a student during an OCSD Approved CCW Course

Again, you can view a complete list of OCSD certified training providers [here](#). All of these instructors typically offer classes beyond the CCW certification class, which you should consider taking advantage of to further your individual training and experience with firearms.

Once you have completed your training, you will be provided with the required certificate that must be submitted to OCSD. You can scan and email the certification to the Sheriff's Deputy tasked with processing your application, or to the general ccwpermits@ocsd.org email.

Step 8: Final Appointment and License Pickup

After OCSD has received the Live Scan background check report from DOJ, and after you have completed your required training and forwarded your certification for confirmation, you should receive an email indicating that you have either been finally approved or denied a license. If you were denied, California law requires OCSD to notify you of the reason for the denial, a requirement that was pushed in Sacramento by NRA and CRPA legislative advocates. If you have been approved, congratulations! You have met all of the requirements necessary for obtaining a CCW license.

OCSD will notify you when and how to pick up your CCW. The pickup location is the same location where you had your initial interview, the OCSD CCW Unit, located at [320 N.](#)

[Flower Street, Santa Ana, CA 92703](#). Remember to not bring any firearms, ammunition, other weapons, bags, briefcases, purses, or guests with you.

Before picking up your license, you will be required to pay all remaining processing fees (\$80), and sign and acknowledge OCSD's [CCW License Terms](#). After doing so, you will be issued your license, which is valid for two years. When the time comes to renew your license, remember that OCSD recommends renewal applicants to begin the process at least 3 months prior to the expiration of the license. Visit OCSD's [renewal application page](#) for more information.

Step 9: Consider Insurance

Several companies offer insurance for CCW holders to cover the risk of civil or criminal lawsuits or liability in the event of a defensive use of a firearm. For more information on the NRA's insurance and training programs, visit www.nracarryguard.com.

CONCLUSION & TAKEAWAYS

There is no question that the entire CCW application process is a long and arduous one. Currently, DOJ is reluctantly processing CCW Live Scan background checks, and OCSD has no control over this part of the process. But with patience and a little hard work, you should have no difficulty in obtaining a CCW from Orange County.

Setting aside the delays, it is more important than ever to encourage individuals to apply for a CCW in Orange County. Sheriff Hutchens will soon be retiring, and her eventual replacement will ultimately decide whether or not Orange County continues its current issuance practices.

Thankfully, candidates to replace Hutchens have already publicly stated that CCW holders are among the most law abiding individuals in the country, and that by allowing those who seek a CCW to be issued one, Orange County is a safer place. The Orange County experience demonstrates why every county in California—and the nation for that matter—should utilize a “shall issue” CCW system.

NRA and CRPA are fighting for your right to keep and bear arms in Sacramento, in city halls across the state, and in the courts. You can stay informed on all of these efforts, including efforts in Orange County, by signing up for email alerts from [NRA](#) and [CRPA](#).

You can support CRPA and NRA's pro-Second Amendment efforts in California by donating to the [California Rifle & Pistol Association Foundation](#) (CRPAF). CRPAF is a 501(c)(3), so [contributions](#) to CRPAF are tax-deductible. Or donate to [NRA Legal Action Project](#). All donations will be spent to specifically benefit California gun owners.

Important Documents

- **DOJ CCW Application**
- **Document Checklist**
- **Livescan Form**
- **OCSD Approved Training Providers**



**CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS
STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**



Authority

California Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 provide that a sheriff of a county or the chief or other head of a municipal police department of any city or county may issue a license to carry a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person (CCW license). Penal Code section 26175 requires the Attorney General to prescribe a statewide standard application form for a CCW license.

Who May be Issued a License

The licensing authority specified in Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 (a sheriff or the chief or other head of a municipal police department) may issue a license to persons who are of good moral character, who have completed a course of training, and where good cause exists for issuance of the CCW license. All applicants for a CCW license will be fingerprinted and state and federal records will be checked to determine if they are eligible to possess firearms. The attachment to this application list all categories that would prohibit a person from possessing firearms and being granted a CCW license. These attachments are updated annually to reflect new legislation and other changes in the law.

Format of CCW License

A CCW license may be issued in either of the following formats:

1. A license to carry concealed a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.
2. Where the population of the county is less than 200,000 persons according to the most recent federal decennial census, a license to carry loaded and exposed in the county a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person.

Training Required

Penal Code sections 26150 and 26155 specify that new license applicants must complete a course of training. The training may consist of any course acceptable to the licensing authority. The licensing authority may require either a course not to exceed 16 hours which includes instruction on at least firearms safety and the law regarding the permissible use of a firearm, or a community college course not to exceed 24 hours certified by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training. If the licensing authority requires the community college course, it must be uniformly required for all CCW license applicants. The licensing authority may also require annual qualification on the weapon(s) during the term for which the CCW license is granted.

For license renewal applicants, the course of training may be any course acceptable to the licensing authority, shall be no less than four hours in length, and shall include instruction on firearm safety and the law regarding permissible use of a firearm.

Psychological Testing

In addition to licensing requirements as specified by the licensing authority, jurisdictions may require psychological testing on the initial application. If required, the applicant shall be referred to a licensed psychologist used by the licensing authority for the psychological testing of its own employees. Any fees charged will be the responsibility of the applicant and such fees shall not exceed \$150.00 for an initial test. Additional psychological testing of an applicant seeking license renewal shall be required only if there is compelling evidence to indicate that a test is necessary. (Pen. Code, § 26190, subd. (f).)

**CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS
STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Completing the Application

Answering all the questions on this standard application does not guarantee the issuance of a CCW license. The determination whether to issue the license is at the discretion of the licensing authority. Pursuant to Penal Code section 26160, each licensing authority, in addition to using the state standard application form, will have a written policy summarizing what they require. Prior to issuing a CCW license, the statutes require proof that:

- The applicant is of good moral character;
- Good cause exists to issue the CCW license;
- The applicant meets residence requirements; and
- The course of training prescribed by the licensing authority has been completed.

The application on the following pages sets forth standardized questions to be used by the CCW licensing authority to determine whether a CCW license shall be issued. The applicant shall not be required to complete any additional application or form for a CCW license, or to provide any information other than that necessary to complete this standard application form except to clarify or interpret information provided herein. (Pen. Code, § 26175, subd. (g).)

The applicant will certify under penalty of perjury that all answers provided are true and correct to the best of their knowledge and belief. The applicant will also acknowledge that information disclosed on this application may be subject to public disclosure.

Important Instructions

1. Complete, read, and sign Sections 1 through 5, as directed. Use additional pages if more space is required.
2. Sections 6, 7, and 8 must be completed in the presence of an official of the licensing agency.
3. Review Section 7 and be prepared to answer these questions orally. Do not write anything in Section 7 unless specifically directed to do so by the licensing agency.

**CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS
STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Official Use Only	
Type of License Requested	
<input type="checkbox"/> Standard	<input type="checkbox"/> Judge
<input type="checkbox"/> Reserve Officer	<input type="checkbox"/> 90 Day

Initial Application Renewal Application

Public Disclosure Admonition:

I understand that I am obligated to be complete and truthful in providing information on this application. I understand that all of the information disclosed by me in this application may be subject to public disclosure.

_____ Applicant Signature _____ Date

_____ Witness Signature _____ Badge Number _____ Date

Section 1 - Applicant Personal Information

_____ Last Name _____ First Name _____ Middle Name

_____ If Applicable, Maiden Name or Other Names(s) Used

_____ City of Residence _____ County of Residence _____ Country of Citizenship

_____ Date of Birth _____ Place of Birth (City, County, State)

_____ Height _____ Weight _____ Eye Color _____ Hair Color _____ M/F

Section 2 - Applicant Clearance Questions

1. Do you now have, or have you ever had, a license to carry a concealed weapon (CCW)? If yes, please enter the issuing agency name, issue date and CCW license number. Use additional pages if necessary. YES NO

_____ Issuing Agency _____ Issue Date _____ CCW No.

2. Have you ever applied for and been denied a CCW license? If yes, please enter the agency name, date, and the reason for denial. YES NO

_____ Agency Name _____ Date

_____ Reason for Denial

3. Have you ever held and subsequently renounced your United States citizenship? If yes, please explain. YES NO

4. If you served with the Armed Forces, were you ever convicted of any charges or was your discharge other than honorable? If yes, please explain. YES NO

**CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS
STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

5. Are you now, or have you been, a party to a lawsuit in the last five years? If yes, please explain. YES NO

6. Are you now, or have you been, subject to a restraining order(s) from any court? If yes, please explain. YES NO

7. Are you on probation or parole from any state for conviction of any offense including traffic? If yes, please explain. YES NO

8. List all traffic violations (moving violations only) and motor vehicle accidents you have had in the last five years. Use additional pages if necessary.

Date	Violation/Accident	Agency	Citation No.

9. Have you ever been convicted of any criminal offense (civilian or military) in the U.S. or any other country? If yes, please explain including the date, agency, charges and disposition. YES NO

10. Have you withheld any fact that might affect the decision to approve this license? If yes, please explain. YES NO

**CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS
STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Section 3 - Description of Weapons

List below the weapons you desire to carry if granted a CCW license. You may carry concealed only the weapon(s) which you list and describe herein, and only for the purpose indicated. Any misuse will cause an automatic revocation and possible arrest. Use additional pages if necessary.

Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number
Make	Model	Caliber	Serial Number

Section 4 - CCW License Conditions and Restrictions

The licensee is responsible for all liability for, injury to, or death of any person, or damage to any property which may result through any act or omission of either the licensee or the agency that issued the license. In the event any claim, suit, or action is brought against the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees, by reason of, or in connection with any such act or omission, the licensee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees from such claim, suit, or action.

The licensee authorizes the licensing agency to investigate, as they deem necessary, the licensee's record and character to ascertain any and all information which may concern his/her qualifications and justification to be issued a license to carry a concealed weapon and release said agency of any and all liability arising out of such investigation.

While exercising the privileges granted to the licensee under the terms of this license, the licensee shall not, when carrying a concealed weapon:

- Consume any alcoholic beverage.
- Be in a place having a primary purpose of dispensing alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption.
- Be under the influence of any medication or drug, whether prescribed or not.
- Refuse to show the license or surrender the concealed weapon to any peace officer upon demand.
- Impede any peace officer in the performance of his/her duties.
- Present himself/herself as a peace officer to any person unless he/she is, in fact, a peace officer as defined by California law.
- Unjustifiably display a concealed weapon.
- Carry a concealed weapon not listed on the permit.
- Carry a concealed weapon at times or circumstances other than those specified in the permit.

Title 49, section 46505 of the United States Code states that a license to carry a concealed weapon does not authorize a person to carry a firearm, tear gas, or any dangerous weapon aboard commercial airlines. Further, a person must declare that he/she is carrying such firearm, tear gas, or any dangerous weapon BEFORE entering the boarding area of an air terminal where the security checks are made. Such violation can result in arrest by law enforcement.

Any violation of these restrictions or conditions may invalidate the CCW license and may void any further use of the license until reinstated by the licensing authority. Any arrest for a felony or serious misdemeanor, including driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs, is cause for invalidating the license.

STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON

Section 5 - Applicable California Penal Code Sections

The following Penal Code sections are of special importance to the holder of a CCW license regarding the use, carrying, and storage of firearms:

Penal Code section 26180 - False Statement on Application Form

- (a) Any person who files an application required by Section 26175 knowing that statements contained therein are false is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (b) Any person who knowingly makes a false statement on the application regarding any of the following is guilty of a felony.
 - (1) The denial or revocation of a license, or the denial of an amendment to a license, issued pursuant to this article.
 - (2) A criminal conviction.
 - (3) A finding of not guilty by reason of insanity.
 - (4) The use of a controlled substance.
 - (5) A dishonorable discharge from military service.
 - (6) A commitment to a mental institution.
 - (7) A renunciation of United States citizenship.

Penal Code section 192 - Manslaughter

Manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice.

- (a) Voluntary - upon a sudden quarrel or heat of passion.
- (b) Involuntary - in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to a felony; or in the commission of a lawful act which might produce death, in an unlawful manner, or without due caution and circumspection. This subdivision shall not apply to acts committed in the driving of a vehicle.

Penal Code section 197 - Justifiable Homicide; Any Person

Homicide is also justifiable when committed by any person in any of the following cases:

- 1. When resisting any attempt to murder any person, or to commit a felony, or to do some great bodily injury upon any person; or,
- 2. When committed in defense of habitation, property, or person, against one who manifestly intends or endeavors, by violence or surprise, to commit a felony, or against one who manifestly intends and endeavors, in a violent, riotous or tumultuous manner, to enter the habitation of another for the purpose of offering violence to any person therein; or
- 3. When committed in the lawful defense of such person, or of a wife or husband, parent, child, master, mistress or servant of such person, when there is reasonable ground to apprehend a design to commit a felony or to do some great bodily injury, and imminent danger of such design being accomplished; but such person, or the person in whose behalf the defense was made, if he was the assailant or engaged in mutual combat, must really and in good faith have endeavored to decline any further struggle before the homicide was committed; or
- 4. When necessarily committed in attempting, by lawful ways and means, to apprehend any person for any felony committed, or in lawfully suppressing any riot, or in lawfully keeping and preserving the peace.

Penal Code section 198 - Justifiable Homicide; Sufficiency of Fear

A bare fear of the commission of any of the offenses mentioned in subdivisions 2 and 3 of Section 197, to prevent which homicide may be lawfully committed, is not sufficient to justify it. But the circumstances must be sufficient to excite the fears of a reasonable person, and the party killing must have acted under the influence of such fears alone.

Penal Code section 199 - Justifiable and Excusable Homicide; Discharge of Defendant

The homicide appearing to be justifiable or excusable, the person indicted must, upon his trial, be fully acquitted and discharged.

Penal Code section 25100 - Criminal Storage of Firearm

- (a) Except as provided in Section 25105, a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm of the first degree" if all of the following conditions are satisfied.
 - (1) The person keeps any loaded firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian.
 - (3) The child obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes death or great bodily injury to the child or any other person.

STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON

Section 5 - Applicable California Penal Code Sections - Continued

- (b) Except as provided in Section 25105, a person commits the crime of "criminal storage of a firearm of the second degree" if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (1) The person keeps any loaded firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian.
 - (3) The child obtains access to the firearm and thereby causes injury, other than great bodily injury, to the child or any other person, or carries the firearm either to a public place or in violation of Section 417.

Penal Code section 25105 - Exceptions

Section 25100 does not apply whenever any of the following occurs:

- (a) The child obtains the firearm as a result of an illegal entry to any premises by any person.
- (b) The firearm is kept in a locked container or in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure.
- (c) The firearm is carried on the person or within close enough proximity thereto that the individual can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if carried on the person.
- (d) The firearm is locked with a locking device, as defined in Section 16860, which has rendered the firearm inoperable.
- (e) The person is a peace officer or a member of the Armed Forces or the National Guard and the child obtains the firearm during, or incidental to, the performance of the person's duties.
- (f) The child obtains, or obtains and discharges, the firearm in a lawful act of self-defense for defense of another person.
- (g) The person who keeps a loaded firearm on any premise that is under the person's custody or control has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premise.

Penal Code section 25200 - Storage of Firearm where Child Obtains Access and Carries Firearm Off-Premises

- (a) If all of the following conditions are satisfied, a person shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both that imprisonment and fine:
- (1) The person keeps a pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person, loaded or unloaded, within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to that firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian.
 - (3) The child obtains access to that firearm and thereafter carries that firearm off-premises.
- (b) If all of the following conditions are satisfied, a person shall be punished by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or by both that imprisonment and fine:
- (1) The person keeps any firearm within any premises that are under the person's custody or control.
 - (2) The person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian.
 - (3) The child obtains access to the firearm and thereafter carries that firearm off-premises to any public or private preschool, elementary school, middle school, high school, or to any school-sponsored event, activity, or performance, whether occurring on school grounds or elsewhere.
- (c) A pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person that a child gains access to and carries off-premises in violation of this section shall be deemed "used in the commission of any misdemeanor as provided in this code or any felony" for the purpose of Section 29300 regarding the authority to confiscate firearms and other deadly weapons as a nuisance.
- (d) As used in this section, "off-premises" means premises other than the premises where the firearm was stored.

Penal Code section 25205 - Exceptions

Section 25200 does not apply if any of the following are true:

- (a) The child obtains the firearm as a result of an illegal entry into any premises by any person.
- (b) The firearm is kept in a locked container or in a location that a reasonable person would believe to be secure.
- (c) The firearm is locked with a locking device, as defined in Section 16860, which has rendered the firearm inoperable.
- (d) The firearm is carried on the person within close enough range that the individual can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if carried on the person.
- (e) The person is a peace officer or a member of the Armed Forces or National Guard and the child obtains the firearm during, or incidental to, the performance of the person's duties.
- (f) The child obtains, or obtains and discharges, the firearm in a lawful act of self-defense or defense of another person.
- (g) The person who keeps a firearm has no reasonable expectation, based on objective facts and circumstances, that a child is likely to be present on the premises.

**CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS**

**STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Section 6 - Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless

I accept and assume all responsibility and liability for, injury to, or death of any person, or damage to any property which may result through an act or omission of either the licensee or the agency that issued the license. In the event any claim, suit or action is brought against the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees, by reason of, or in connection with any such act or omission, the licensee shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the agency that issued the license, its chief officer or any of its employees from such claim, suit, or action.

I understand that the acceptance of any application by the licensing authority does not guarantee the issuance of a license and that fees and costs are not refundable if denied. I further understand that if my application is approved and I am issued a license to carry a concealed weapon, that the license is subject to restrictions placed upon it and that misuse of the license will cause an automatic revocation and possible arrest and that the license may also be suspended or revoked at the discretion of the licensing authority at any time. I am aware that any use of a firearm may bring criminal action or civil liability against me.

I have read, understand, and agree to the CCW license liability clauses, conditions, and restrictions stated in this application and Agreement to Restrictions and to Hold Harmless.

I have read and understand the applicable Penal Code sections regarding false statements on a CCW Application, manslaughter, killing in defense of self or property, limitation on self-defense and defense of property, and child access and firearm storage, stated in this application.

I have read and understand the Firearms Prohibiting Categories attachment to this application. I further acknowledge that these prohibiting categories can be amended or expanded by state or federal legislative or regulatory bodies and that any such amendment or expansion may affect my eligibility to hold a CCW license.

Applicant Signature

Date

Witness Signature

Badge Number

Date

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS

**STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Section 7 - Investigator's Interview Notes

Applicant Last Name _____ First Name _____ Middle Name _____

Date of Birth _____ Age _____ Social Security No. _____ CA Driver License/ID No. _____

CA Driver License Restrictions _____

Residence Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____ Telephone Number (Day) _____

Mailing Address (if different) _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____ Telephone Number (Evening) _____

Spouse/Domestic Partner Last Name _____ First Name _____ Middle Name _____

Physical Address (if different than applicant) _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____ Telephone Number _____

Applicant Occupation _____ Business/Employer Name _____

Business/Employer Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____ Telephone Number _____

1. List all previous home addresses for the past five years. Use additional pages if necessary.

Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

2. Have you ever been in a mental institution, treated for mental illness, or been found not-guilty by reason of insanity? If yes, please explain. YES NO

3. Are you now, or have you ever been, addicted to a controlled substance or alcohol, or have you ever utilized an illegal controlled substance, or have you ever reported to a detoxification or drug treatment program. If yes, please explain. YES NO

**STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Section 7 - Investigator's Interview Notes - Continued

4. Have you ever been involved in an incident involving firearms? If yes, please explain.

YES NO

5. Have you ever been involved in a domestic violence incident? If yes, please explain.

YES NO

6. List any arrest or formal charges, with or without disposition, for any criminal offenses within the U.S. or any other country (civilian or military)

YES NO

If the CCW license is desired for self-protection, the protection of others, or for the protection of large sums of money or valuable property, you are required to explain and provide good cause for issuance of the license. For example, has your life or property been threatened or jeopardized? Explain incidents and include dates, times, locations, and names of police agencies to which these incidents were reported.

Details of Reason for Applicant Desiring a CCW license. Use additional pages if necessary.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
BUREAU OF FIREARMS

**STANDARD INITIAL AND RENEWAL APPLICATION
FOR LICENSE TO CARRY A CONCEALED WEAPON**

Section 8 - Release of Information and Declaration

I hereby give permission to the agency to which this application is made to conduct a background investigation of me and to contact any person or agency who may add to or aid in this investigation. I further authorize persons, firms, agencies and institutions listed on this application to release or confirm information about me and statements I have made as contained in this application.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law and pursuant to the Public Records Act (Government Code section 6250 et seq.), I understand that information contained in this application may be a matter of public record and shall be made available upon request or court order.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Applicant Signature Date

Witness Signature Badge Number Date



CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS FIREARMS PROHIBITING CATEGORIES



State and federal law make it unlawful for certain persons to own and/or possess firearms, including:

- Any person who is convicted of a felony, or any offense enumerated in Penal Code sections 29900 or 29905
- Any person who is ordered to not possess firearms as a condition of probation or other court order listed in Penal Code section 29815, subdivisions (a) and (b)
- Any person who is convicted of a misdemeanor listed in Penal Code section 29805 (refer to List of Prohibiting Misdemeanors)
- Any person who is adjudged a ward of the juvenile court because he or she committed an offense listed in Welfare and Institutions Code section 707(b), an offense described in Penal Code section 1203.073(b), or any offense enumerated in Penal Code section 29805
- Any person who is subject to a temporary restraining order or an injunction issued pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 527.6 or 527.8, a protective order as defined in Family Code section 6218, a protective order issued pursuant to Penal Code sections 136.2 or 646.91, or a protective order issued pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code section 15657.03
- Any person who is found by a court to be a danger to himself, herself, or others because of a mental illness
- Any person who is found by a court to be mentally incompetent to stand trial
- Any person who is found by a court to be not guilty by reason of insanity
- Any person who is adjudicated to be a mentally disordered sex offender
- Any person who is placed on a conservatorship because he or she is gravely disabled as a result of a mental disorder, or an impairment by chronic alcoholism
- Any person who communicates a threat to a licensed psychotherapist against a reasonably identifiable victim, that has been reported by the psychotherapist to law enforcement
- Any person who is taken into custody as a danger to self or others under Welfare and Institutions Code section 5150, assessed under Welfare and Institutions Code section 5151, and admitted to a mental health facility under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5151, 5152, or certified under Welfare and Institutions Code sections 5250, 5260, and 5270.15
- Any person who is addicted to the use of narcotics (state and federal)
- Any person who is under indictment or information in any court for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year (federal)
- Any person who has been discharged from the military under dishonorable conditions (federal)
- Any person who is an illegal alien (federal)
- Any person who has renounced his or her US Citizenship (federal)
- Any person who is a fugitive from justice (federal)



CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF FIREARMS FIREARMS PROHIBITING CATEGORIES

Firearm prohibitions for misdemeanor violations of the offenses listed below are generally for ten years from the date of conviction, but the duration of each prohibition may vary. All statutory references are to the California Penal Code, unless otherwise indicated.

- Threatening public officers, employees, and school officials (Pen. Code, § 71.)
- Threatening certain public officers, appointees, judges, staff or their families with the intent and apparent ability to carry out the threat (Pen. Code, § 76.)
- Intimidating witnesses or victims (Pen. Code, § 136.1.)
- Possessing a deadly weapon with the intent to intimidate a witness (Pen. Code, § 136.5.)
- Threatening witnesses, victims, or informants (Pen. Code, § 140.)
- Attempting to remove or take a firearm from the person or immediate presence of a public or peace officer (Pen. Code, § 148(d).)
- Unauthorized possession of a weapon in a courtroom, courthouse, or court building, or at a public meeting (Pen. Code, § 171(b).)
- Bringing into or possessing a loaded firearm within the state capitol, legislative offices, etc. (Pen. Code, § 171(c).)
- Taking into or possessing loaded firearms within the Governor's Mansion or residence of other constitutional officers (Pen. Code, § 171(d).)
- Supplying, selling or giving possession of a firearm to a person for participation in criminal street gangs (Pen. Code, § 186.28.)
- Assault (Pen. Code, §§ 240, 241.)
- Battery (Pen. Code, §§ 242, 243.)
- Sexual Battery (Pen. Code, § 243.4)
- Assault with a stun gun or taser weapon (Pen. Code, § 244.5.)
- Assault with a deadly weapon other than a firearm, or with force likely to produce great bodily injury (Pen. Code, § 245.)
- Assault with a deadly weapon or instrument, by any means likely to produce great bodily injury or with a stun gun or taser on a school employee engaged in performance of duties (Pen. Code, § 245.5.)
- Discharging a firearm in a grossly negligent manner (Pen. Code, § 246.3.)
- Shooting at an unoccupied aircraft, motor vehicle, or uninhabited building or dwelling house (Pen. Code, § 247.)
- Inflicting corporal injury on a spouse or significant other (Pen. Code, § 273.5.)*
- Wilfully violating a domestic protective order (Pen. Code, § 273.6.)
- Drawing, exhibiting, or using deadly weapon other than a firearm (Pen. Code, § 417, subd. (a)(1) & (a)(2).)
- Inflicting serious bodily injury as a result of brandishing (Pen. Code, § 417.6.)
- Making threats to commit a crime which will result in death or great bodily injury to another person (Pen. Code, § 422.)
- Bringing into or possessing firearms upon or within public schools and grounds (Pen. Code, § 626.9.)
- Stalking (Pen. Code, § 646.9.)
- Armed criminal action (Pen. Code, § 25800.)
- Possessing a deadly weapon with intent to commit an assault (Pen. Code, § 17500.)
- Driver of any vehicle who knowingly permits another person to discharge a firearm from the vehicle or any person who willfully and maliciously discharges a firearm from a motor vehicle (Pen. Code, § 26100, subd. (b) or (d).)
- Criminal possession of a firearm (Pen. Code, § 25300.)
- Firearms dealer who sells, transfers or gives possession of any firearm to a minor or a handgun to a person under 21 (Pen. Code, § 27510.)
- Various violations involving sales and transfers of firearms (Pen. Code, § 27590, subd. (c).)
- Person or corporation who sells any concealable firearm to any minor (former Pen. Code, § 12100, subd. (a).)
- Unauthorized possession/transportation of a machine gun (Pen. Code, § 32625)
- Possession of ammunition designed to penetrate metal or armor (Pen. Code, § 30315.)
- Carrying a concealed or loaded firearm or other deadly weapon or wearing a peace officer uniform while picketing (Pen. Code, §§ 830.95, subd. (a), 17510, subd. (a).)
- Bringing firearm related contraband into juvenile hall (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 871.5.)
- Bringing firearm related contraband into a youth authority institution (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 1001.5.)
- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or deadly weapon by a person receiving in-patient treatment for a mental disorder, or by a person who has communicated to a licensed psychotherapist a serious threat of physical violence against an identifiable victim (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 8100.)
- Providing a firearm or deadly weapon to a person described in Welfare and Institutions Code sections 8100 or 8103 (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 8101.)
- Purchase, possession, or receipt of a firearm or deadly weapon by a person who has been adjudicated to be a mentally disordered sex offender or found to be mentally incompetent to stand trial, or not guilty by reason of insanity, and individuals placed under conservatorship (Welf. & Inst. Code, § 8103.)

The following misdemeanor convictions result in a lifetime prohibition:

- Assault with a firearm (Pen. Code, §§ 29800, subd. (a)(1), 23515, subd. (a).)
- Shooting at an inhabited or occupied dwelling house, building, vehicle, aircraft, housecar or camper (Pen. Code, §§ 246, 29800, subd. (a)(1), 17510, 23515, subd. (b).)
- Brandishing a firearm in presence of a peace officer (Pen. Code §§ 417, subd. (c), 23515, subd. (d), 29800, subd. (a)(1).)
- Two or more convictions of Penal Code section 417, subdivision (a)(2) (Pen. Code § 29800, subd. (a)(2).)

* A "misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" (18 U.S.C. §§ 921(a)(33)(A), 922(g)(9).)

Note: The Department of Justice provides this document for informational purposes only. This list may not be inclusive of all firearms prohibitions. For specific legal advice, please consult with an attorney licensed to practice law in California.



ORANGE COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

SHERIFF-CORONER
SANDRA HUTCHENS

CCW Document Checklist:

All applicants are requested to submit copies of the following documents:

- Standard Department of Justice (DOJ) application, with section 7 completed.
- A **color copy** of your California Driver's License or Identification Card.
- Two different utility bills (last 3 months) or other sufficient proof of residency in Orange County.
 - Gas, electricity, water, cable, phone, internet, notarized letter from homeowner, etc.
- Military ID and copy of orders or DD214

CCW Supporting Document Checklist:

Please provide all relevant and current documentation in support of your Good Cause Statement. Refer to [Orange County Sheriff's Department Policy 218](#) for further questions and criteria that may apply to you ocsd.org/ccw.

*****Note: The items requested below are not intended to be an all-inclusive list. Additional documentation may be required for verification of your stated Good Cause.**

- Judicial Officers and Commissioners
 - Copy of Bar Card
 - Court identification
- Reserve Peace Officer & Sworn Officers (Current and former)
 - Officers and Reserves must obtain a letter verifying service and departure in good standing.
- Federal Law Enforcement (Current and former)
 - Credentials
 - Written confirmation from your agency stating you work in a law enforcement capacity or departed in good standing.
- Transporting or Protection of Valuable Property
 - Invoices, contracts or inventory of items moving
 - Other verifiable documentation proving you are personally transporting valuables
- Transportation of Cash
 - Bank statements and/or deposit receipts
 - Letter from the bank specifying you personally make deposits and/or withdrawals, including amounts and frequency of transactions.
- Victim of Crime and/or Threats
 - Police reports and/or court documents
 - Active Restraining Order
 - Other verifiable documentation the applicant is the subject of legitimate threats
- Any other pertinent, verifiable documentation to support your Good Cause Statement
 - Business/Contractors License, Private Investigator License, BSIS Guard/Exposed cards, etc.

For further questions, please refer to our website at ocsd.org/ccw. You may also contact a member of the CCW Licensing Staff at 714-834-7229 or ccwpermits@ocsd.org.

320 N. FLOWER STREET, SANTA ANA, CA 92703 (714) 834-7229



REQUEST FOR LIVE SCAN SERVICE

Applicant Submission

CA0300000

ORI (Code assigned by DOJ)

STANDARD CCW

Authorized Applicant Type

CCW / STANDARD 2 YEAR / INITIAL –

Type of License/Certificate/Permit OR Working Title (Maximum 30 characters – If assigned by DOJ, use exact title assigned)

Contributing Agency Information

ORANGE COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT

Agency Authorized to Reserve Criminal Record Information

04490

Mail Code (five-digit code assigned by DOJ)

P.O. Box 449

Street Address or P.O. Box

CCW Unit

Contact Name (mandatory for all school submissions)

Santa Ana

City

CA

State

92702

ZIP Code

(714) 834-7229

Contact Phone Number

Applicant Information:

Last Name

Other Name

(AKA or Alias Last

Sex Male Female

Date of Birth

Height

Weight

Eye Color

Hair Color

Place of Birth (State or Country)

Social Security Number

Home

Address | **Street Address or P.O. Box**

First Name

Middle Initial

Suffix

First

Middle

Suffix

Driver's License Number

Billing
Number

(Agency Billing Number)

Misc.

Number

(Other Identification Number)

City

State

ZIP Code

Your Number:

OCA Number (Agency Identifying Number)

Level of Service:

DOJ

FBI

Firearms

If re-submission, list original ATI number:
(Must provide proof of rejection)

Original ATI Number

Employer (Additional response for agencies specified by statute):

N/A

Employer Name

Mail Code (five digit code assigned by DOJ)

N/A

Mail Code (five digit code assigned by DOJ)

City

State

ZIP Code

Telephone Number (optional)

Live Scan Transaction Completed By:

Name of Operator

Date

Transmitting Agency

LSID

ATI Number

Amount Collected/Billed

AUTHORIZED TRAINING PROVIDERS

The following list of training providers are authorized and meet the standards set forth by the Orange County Sheriff's Department's Policy [218.10](#). The Orange County Sheriff's Department will only accept certified completion from the providers on this list. No preference is shown, or inferred, by the order of placement on this list. Each training provider has met the minimum standard set forth.

[To become a TRAINING PROVIDER click here.](#)

Company	Address	Phone
!@123-ABC Firearms Training & Sales	2 McLaren Unit A Irvine, CA 92618	949-653-2874
!@A Self-Defense Firearms Training	5375 Industrial Dr. Ste. 107, Huntington Beach, CA 92649	714-893-8676
!Advanced Public Instruction Services	P.O. Box 4542, Laguna Beach, CA 92652	949-633-8019
# \$125 OC Firearms Academy	1232 Village Way #K, Santa Ana, CA 92705	714-541-4111
#OC Online Gun Certificate	P.O. Box 2624, Orange, CA 92859	714-944-3036
@ArtemisDefense	11 Spectrum Pointe Dr., Lake Forest, CA 92630	949-305-6586
@Artifex Firearms CCW Training	26741 Portola Pkwy Ste. 1E #694, Foothill Ranch, CA 92610	949-861-0693
@Surefire Institute	P.O. Box 554, Yorba Linda, CA 92885	714-701-9918
1 Stop CCW Permit Instruction	1940 N. Tustin St., Orange, CA 92865	949-769-9099
1topgun1.com-The Top Gun Training Center	2740 S. Harbor Blvd. Ste. A, Santa Ana, CA 92704	800-677-4407
AAA Firearms Training Associates	P.O. Box 554, Yorba Linda, CA 92885	714-701-9918
AllSafe Defense Systems	1026 N. Tustin Street, Orange, CA 92867	714-744-4485
American Academy of Protective Training	P.O.Box 27424, Santa Ana, CA 92799	877-765-1428
Asset Protection Unlimited Security & Firearms Training	6820 La Tijera Blvd. #202, Los Angeles, CA 90045	844-944-4460
California Security Academy	P.O. Box 28568, Anaheim Hills, CA 92809	714-504-9367
CCWUSA.com Firearms Training	5590 Ruffin Rd. San Diego, CA 92123	619-871-9834
Civilian Arms Training Source	5434 Orangethorpe Ave., La Palma, CA 90623	714-719-3775
Darell's Shooting Sports	P.O. Box 984, San Juan Capistrano, CA 92693	949-599-4148
Equip 2 Conceal Firearms Group	2655 Ulmerton Rd. #273, Clearwater, FL 33762	866-371-6111
F.A.S.T. O.C.	1095 N. Main St. Ste. S, Orange, CA 92867	949-464-7345
Falcon Operations Group	8230 Electric Ave. Stanton, CA 90680	949-734-7273
Front Sight Firearms Training Institute	1 Front Sight Rd., Pahump, NV 89061	702-837-7433
Fullforce Training	27692 Camino Capistrano, Laguna Niguel, CA 92677	949-525-0699
Hansen Firearms Training	415 N. Sycamore 2 nd Floor, Santa Ana, CA 92701	714-752-3654
Homefront Defense and Security	2974 S. Buena Vista Ave., Corona, CA 92882	951-515-3954
I5 Security and Training Division	2312 Park Ave. Ste. 611, Tustin, CA 92782	949-422-0313
Inland Training LLC	P.O. Box A491 231 E Alessandro, Riverside, CA 92508	951-750-2793
Marshall Security Training Academy	711 N. Virgil Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90029	323-660-0636
On-Target Indoor Shooting Range	27692 Camino Capistrano, Laguna Niguel, CA 92677	949-348-0352
Phoenix tactical Solutions	12651 Little Tujunga Canyon Rd., Lake View Terrace, CA 91342	310-279-3699
Practical Defense Systems	17020 Alburdis Ave., Artesia, CA 90701	888-233-6488
Ryman Tactical Firearms Training	12651 Little Tujunga Canyon Rd., Lake View Terrace, CA 91342	714-381-0664
Safe Insight	684 Berry St., Brea, CA 92821	417-233-1444
Security Academy & Training Center	9216 Magnolia Ave., Riverside, CA 92503	951-684-4117
Security Training Center, LLC	17921 Jamestown Ln., Huntington Beach, CA 92649	562-500-3633
Shoot Safe	8231 Ellis Ave., Ste. 5D, Huntington Beach, CA 92646	714-625-1507
Shoot Safe Learning	33951 San Francisquito Canyon Rd., Saugus, CA 91390	310-464-0855
Solutions Group International	17501 Pomona Rincon Rd., Chino, CA 91708	877-844-8744
South District Training Academy	1740 E. Garry Ave. #115, Santa Ana, CA 92705	866-455-6118
Total Training Solutions Group, Inc.	P.O. Box 2610 Lake Havasu City, AZ 89405	855-550-8755

Disclaimer

The County of Orange (hereinafter "County") and the Orange County Sheriff's Department (hereinafter "OCSD") make no other representations or warranties about the providers listed above or the premises, facilities, or equipment they use to conduct training.

- These providers are not employees or agents of the County or OCSD.
- These providers were not trained in the use of firearms by the County or OCSD.
- The premises, facilities, and equipment used by these providers are not owned, controlled, or inspected by the County or OCSD.

The County and OCSD do not certify or control the safety of the training conducted by any of these providers. You assume fully the risk of any loss, injury or damage attributable to (1) any act or omission of any of these providers or any of their agents or employees or (2) the condition of premises, facilities, or equipment used by any of these providers. The County and OCSD disclaim any responsibility for any such loss, injury or damage. OCSD recommends that you fully investigate the providers' qualifications, training, safety record and condition of premises, facilities, and equipment before you begin training.